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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/773,786	02/06/2004	Kenneth A. Alley	ALLE-P11-US	7917
21616 7	7590 10/12/2006		EXAMINER	
LAW OFFICES OF MARK A. GARZIA, P.C. 2058 CHICHESTER AVE			HAND, MELANIE JO	
BOOTHWYN, PA 19061			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3761	
		DATE MAILED: 10/12/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/773,786	ALLEY, KENNETH A.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Melanie J. Hand	3761				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY	/ IS SET TO EXDIRE 2 MONTH/	S) OR THIRTY (30) DAVS				
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ju	i <u>ly 2006</u> .	•				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
<u> </u>	6) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement	•				
are subject to restriction and of	ciconon requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 February 2004</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•	• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
,	annion reco the attached emes	7,00,01,01,101,101,102.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/30/04 	5) Notice of Informal P					

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed July 12, 2006, with respect to the election/restriction requirement have been fully considered and are persuasive. The requirement has been withdrawn.

Priority

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for priority under copending Provisional Application No. 60/445,256, filed on February 6, 2003.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on July 30, 2004 was filed after the mailing date of the Application on February 6, 2004. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for

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purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-7, 10-14, 16 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Severin et al (U.S. Patent No. 6,488,665):

With respect to Claim 1: Severin teaches an applicator comprising a container 14 having an open end with opening 20 and a closed end, a barrier 22 positioned proximate opening 20 for preventing the substance from escaping container 14, an applicator head 26 having delivery means 28, wherein the head 28 communicates with container 14. Threads 38 on container connector end 34 of container connector 24 allow removable attachment of the applicator head 28 with gel dispenser 16 (passageway for delivering liquid from container to delivery means 28) to the open end of container 14. A seal piercing member 30 (means associated with applicator head for piercing barrier 22) is disposed on the gel dispenser 16 such that the barrier 22 is opened after the applicator head 28 is attached to the container by manipulating the applicator head with respect to the container.

With respect to Claim 2: Delivery means 28 is an absorbent sponge-like pad.

With respect to Claim 3: A foam pad is considered herein to be sponge-like, as both a foam and a sponge are formed by identical processes.

With respect to Claim 4: A sponge-like pad is a hydrophilic absorbent material.

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With respect to Claim 5: Severin teaches that delivery means 28 has a soft texture for comfort and is suited for topical medical use, of which terry cloth is an example.

With respect to Claim 6: Barrier 22 is comprised of aluminum foil.

With respect to Claim 7: A seal piercing member 30 (means associated with applicator head for piercing barrier 22) is a projection disposed on the gel dispenser 16 such that the barrier 22 is opened after the applicator head 28 is attached to the container by manipulating the applicator head with respect to the container.

With respect to Claim 10: Container 14 is necessarily a single dose container due to the nonresealable nature of barrier 22.

With respect to Claims 11-13: Gel formulation 12 is a topical medicament for application to a user's skin. The formulation comprises alcohol and iodine, and is taught by Severin to also be a topical antiseptic for sterilizing a section of the skin.

With respect to Claim 14: Container 14 is prefilled with a desired amount of said formulation for a surgical procedure, i.e. a pre-measured substance.

With respect to Claim 16: Gel formulation 12 is a viscous substance.

With respect to Claim 18: Please see the rejection of claim 1 in addition to the following: Container connector 24 is a section of system 10 that is tubular in shape and connects the pad Application/Control Number: 10/773,786 Page 5

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28 (permanently connected to applicator 26) to the open end of container 14. Once the connector 24 is threadably engaged with the applicator 26 and applicator head 28, the resulting tubular section formed by connector 24 and applicator 26 (seen as applicator 26 in Fig. 1) doubles as a handle for allowing a user to grasp and manipulate the applicator head. Upon manipulation of the applicator head in a specific manner to open barrier 22, the formulation 12 is released into container connector 24 attached to applicator 26 (collectively, the tubular section) and allowed to be absorbed into pad 28.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 15, 17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Severin et al (U.S. Patent No. 6,488,665).

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With respect to Claim 15: Severin does not explicitly teach that delivery system 10 is sold and/or delivered in a tamper-proof packaging, however it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide such a packaging for system 10, as the individual systems have a one-time use in surgical procedures, thus they are prone to tampering and are used in sterile environments and the systems 10 are therefore required to be sterile themselves.

With respect to Claims 17,19: Severin does not teach a powdered substance or a liquid, however container 14 is capable of holding such substances, and the delivery means is capable of transporting a powder to the applicator head where such powder would be administered to a user's skin, therefore it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the delivery system taught by Severin to deliver a powdered formulation or a liquid formulation as opposed to a gel formulation.

Claims 8, 9, 15, 17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Severin et al (U.S. Patent No. 6,488,665) in view of Macartney et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,306,270).

With respect to Claims 8,9: Severin does not explicitly teach a plug comprised of plastic material penetratable by a piercing element. Macartney teaches a sealing closure plug cap 18 comprised of thermoplastic elastomeric material (i.e. plastic) and having an opening for accepting a needle. Macartney teaches that the plug provides an airtight seal about the opening of a vial or tube, therefore it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to substitute a plug as taught by Macartney for the foil liner barrier taught by Severin with a reasonable

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expectation of success, as such a plug is also capable of creating a gas-impermeable seal that

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prevents the gel taught by Severin from escaping its container.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Melanie J. Hand whose telephone number is 571-272-6464. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 8:00-5:30, alternate Fridays 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Tatyana Zalukaeva can be reached on 571-272-1115. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private

PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you

would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the

automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Melanie J Hand Examiner

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MJH September 23, 2006

> TATYONIN ZALUKAEVA SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER